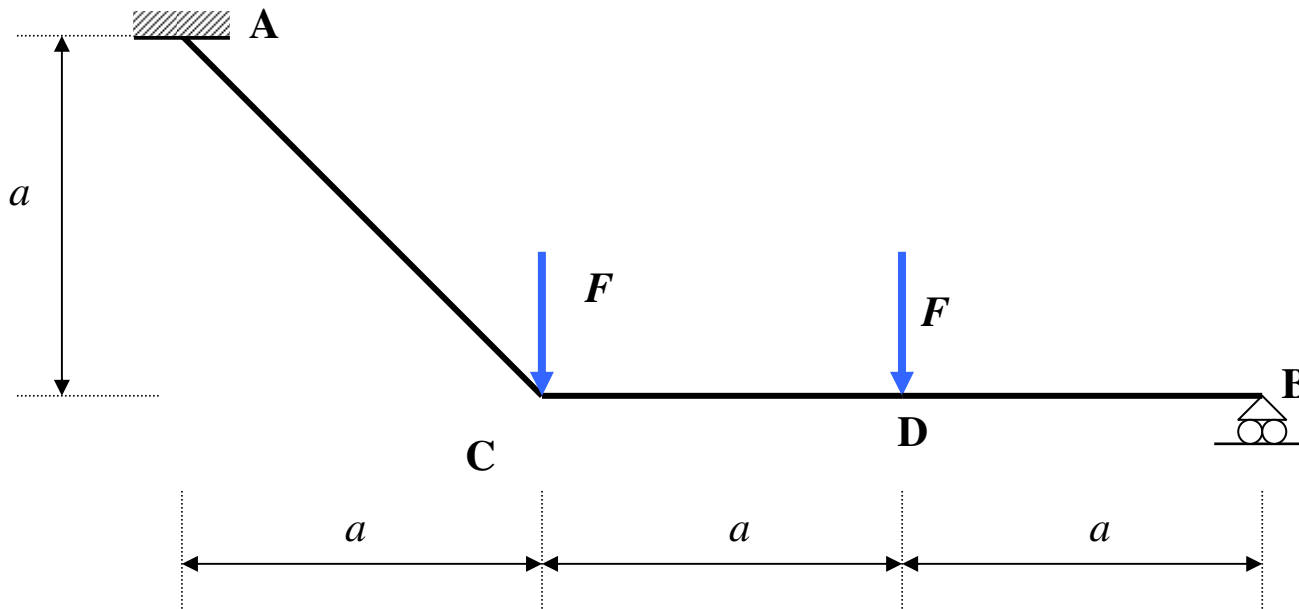
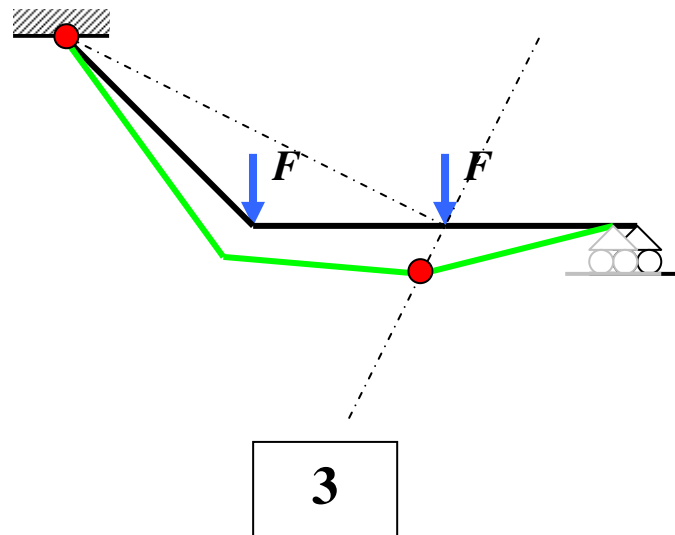
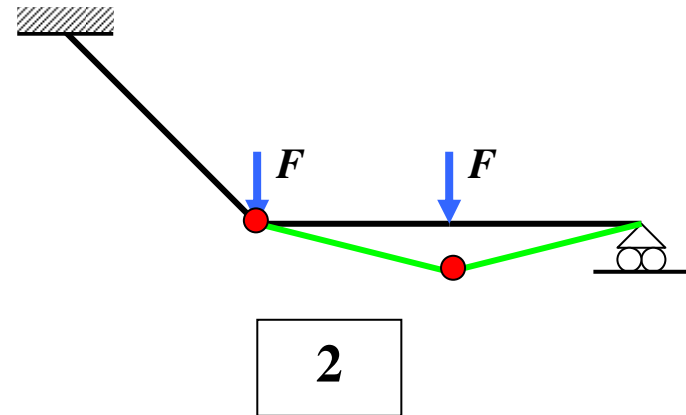
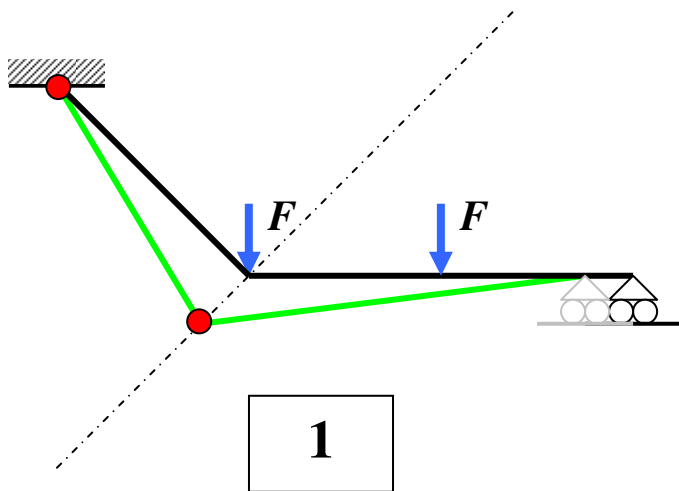


BEPAAAL DE BEZWIJKBELASTING F_p

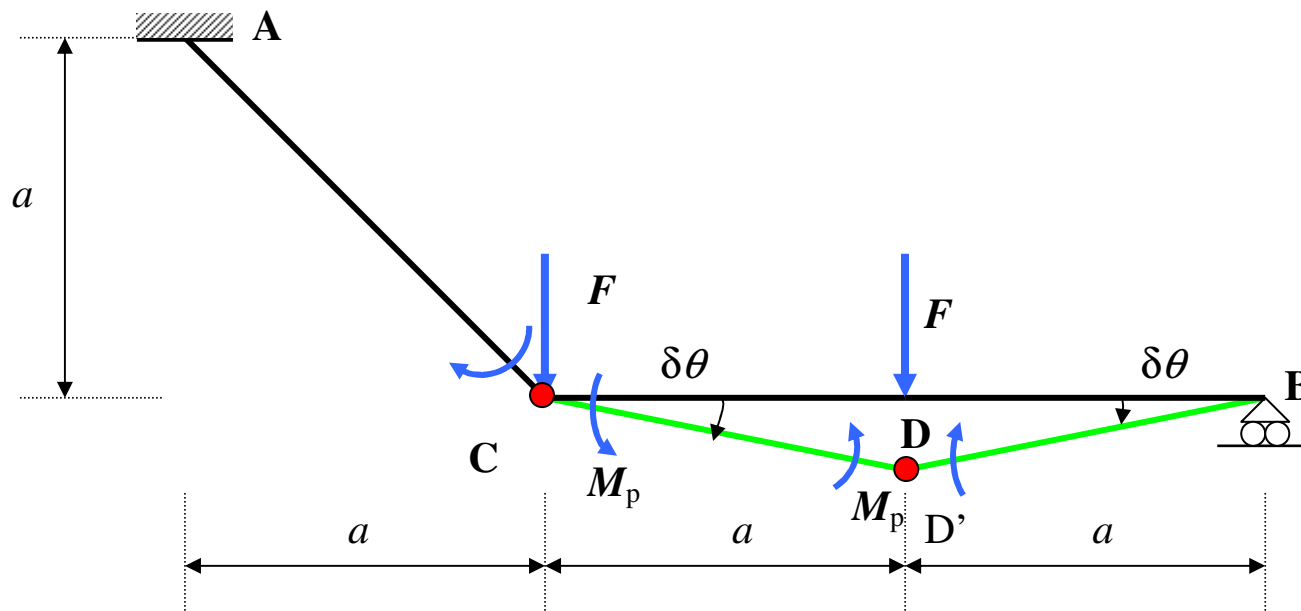


Analyse :

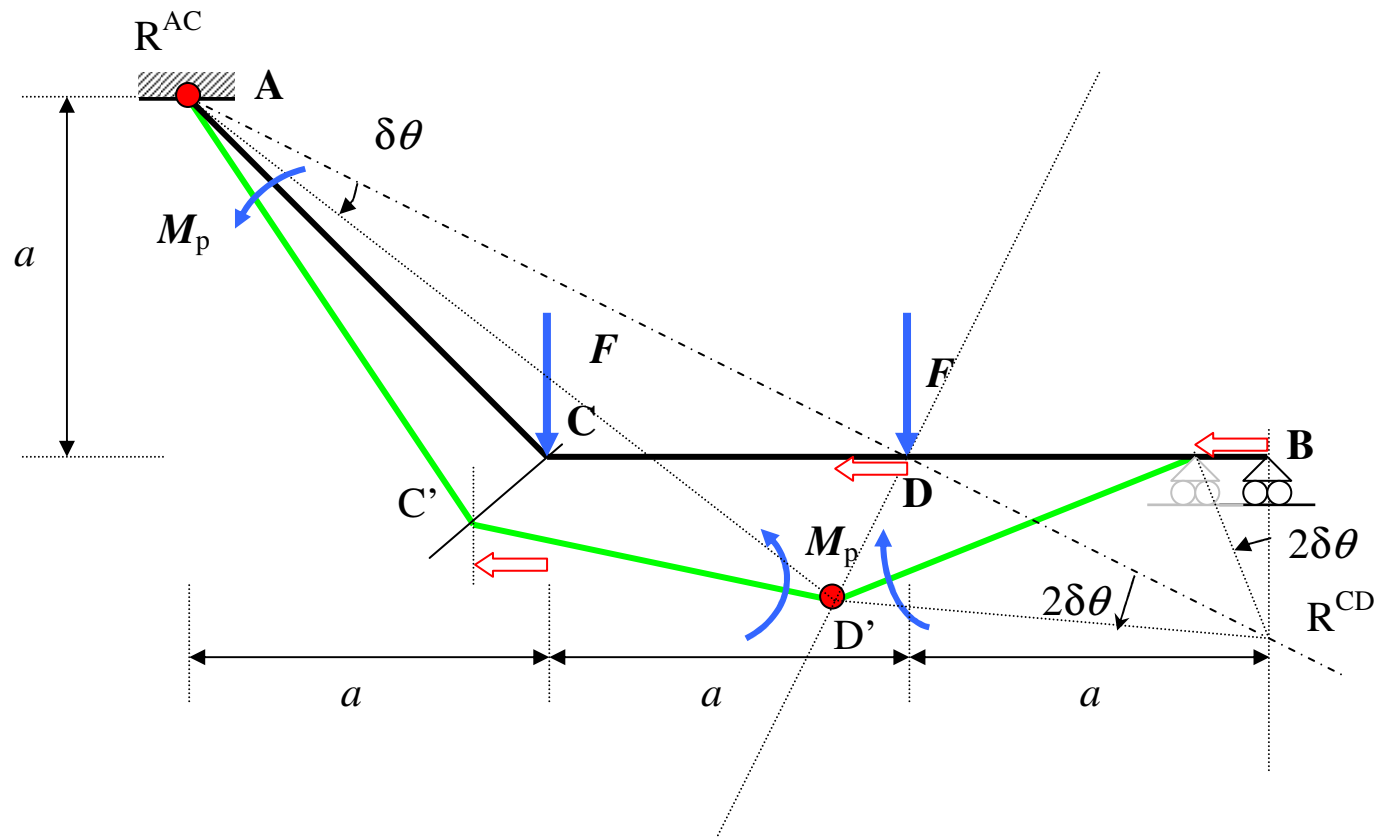
- Enkelvoudig statisch onbepaald $n=1$
- Ten hoogste 2 scharnieren nodig om een mechanisme te vormen
- 3 mogelijke plaatsen waar scharnieren kunnen ontstaan (A,C,D)
- 3 mogelijke bezwijkmechanismen







3^e mécanisme



Virtuele arbeidsvergelijkingen

Mechanisme 1

$$\delta A = -M_p \times 2\delta\theta - M_p \times 2\delta\theta - M_p \times \delta\theta + F \times 2a \times \delta\theta + F \times a \times \delta\theta = 0$$

$$F_{p-1} = \frac{5M_p}{3a}$$

Mechanisme 2

$$\delta A = -M_p \times \delta\theta - M_p \times 2\delta\theta + F \times a \times \delta\theta = 0$$

$$F_{p-2} = \frac{3M_p}{a}$$

Mechanisme 3

$$\delta A = -4M_p \times \delta\theta + F \times \delta\theta \times a + F \times \delta\theta \times 2a = 0$$

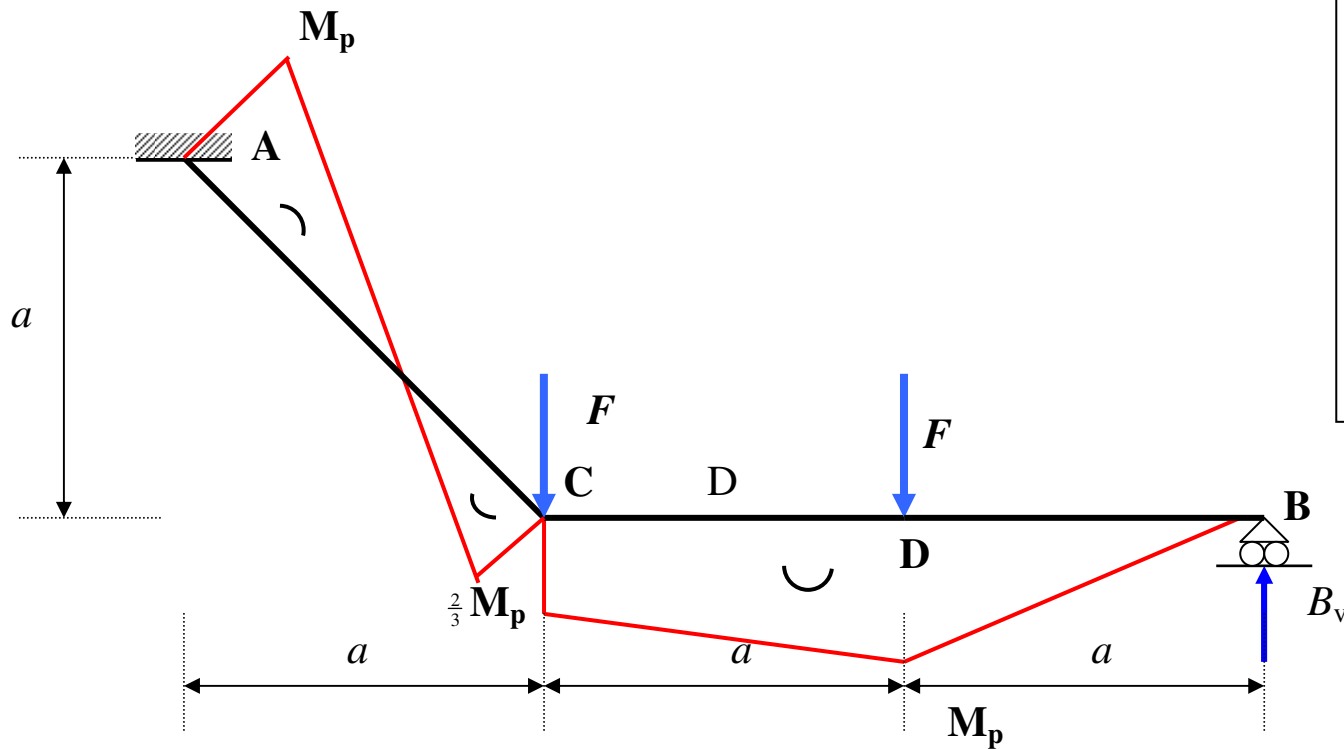
$$F_{p-3} = \frac{4M_p}{3a}$$



LAAGSTE BEZWIJKLAST !

MOMENTENLIJN VOOR MECHANISME 3

$$F_p = \frac{4M_p}{3a}$$



Het moment in C ?

1 De verticale oplegreactie in B:

$$\sum T|D = 0 \Rightarrow B_v \times l = M_p \Rightarrow B_v = \frac{M_p}{a}$$

2 Bepaal moment in C (linksom positief):

$$-M_c - \frac{4}{3} \frac{M_p}{a} \times a + 2a \times \frac{M_p}{a} = 0 \Rightarrow M_c = \frac{2}{3} M_p$$