

Opmerkingen: Zie §2.2.1, blz. 17 t/m 19

Zie §2.3, blz. 22 t/m 23

Zie §2.6, blz. 32 en verder

Antwoorden:

- a. $N^{(1)} = -140 \text{ kN}$
- b. $N^{(2)} = -100 \text{ kN}$
- c. $F = 240 \text{ kN}$
- d. $0,7 \text{ mm}$

Toelichting:

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\Delta \ell}{\ell} = \frac{-0,4 \text{ mm}}{600 \text{ mm}} = -\frac{2}{3} \times 10^{-3}$$

$$EA^{(1)} = 210 \times 10^3 \text{ kN}; EA^{(2)} = 150 \times 10^3 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{a. } N^{(1)} = \left(-\frac{2}{3} \times 10^{-3}\right)(210 \times 10^3 \text{ kN}) = -140 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{b. } N^{(2)} = \left(-\frac{2}{3} \times 10^{-3}\right)(150 \times 10^3 \text{ kN}) = -100 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{c. } F = -(N^{(1)} + N^{(2)}) = 240 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{d. } \Delta \ell = \frac{420 \text{ kN}}{240 \text{ kN}} \times (-0,4 \text{ mm}) = -0,7 \text{ mm}$$