Remarks: See §3.1.5 and §3.1.6, page 60 till 64

Answers:

1b. $e_z = +0,80$ m

1c. The resultant acts in a point outside the cross-section, 0,80 m below the *x*-axle.

2b. $e_z = -0,25$ m

2c. The resultant acts at the upper edge from the cross-section