

Remarks: See §7.3, page 255 till 269 and example 4

Also see §7.2, page 248 till 254

Answers:

a. $R = 7687 \text{ kN}$

Line of action goes through the axle of the slide

Angle with the horizontal: $36,6^\circ$

b. $R = 5457 \text{ kN}$

Line of action goes through the axle of the slide

Angle with the horizontal $39,3^\circ$

c. $R = 2298 \text{ kN}$

Line of action goes through the axle of the slide

Angle with the horizontal: $45,9^\circ$

Remarks: For description see figures 7.25 and 7.26, page

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a. $A^{(ADBC)} = 36,56 \text{ m}^2; A^{(ABC)} = 29,45 \text{ m}^2; A^{(ADB)} = 7,11 \text{ m}^2$

Forces on a 1 m width vertical part:

$$R_{h,w} = 308,75 \text{ kN}; R_{v,w} = 300 \text{ kN}; G_w = 71,1 \text{ kN}$$

Then a width of 20 m gives:

$$R_x = (20 \text{ m})(308,75 \text{ kN}) = 6175 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_y = (20 \text{ m})\{(300 \text{ kN}) - (71,1 \text{ kN})\} = 4578 \text{ kN}$$

$$R = 7687 \text{ kN}; \tan \alpha = 4578/6175 \rightarrow \alpha = 36,6^\circ$$

b. $A^{(ADBC)} = 36,56 \text{ m}^2; A^{(ABC)} = 29,45 \text{ m}^2; A^{(ADB)} = 7,11 \text{ m}^2$

Forces on a 1 m width vertical part:

$$R_{h,w} = 211,25 \text{ kN}; R_{v,w} = 243,75 \text{ kN}; G_w = 71,1 \text{ kN}$$

Then a width of 20 m gives:

$$R_x = (20 \text{ m})(211,25 \text{ kN}) = 4225 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_y = (20 \text{ m})\{(243,75 \text{ kN}) - (71,1 \text{ kN})\} = 3453 \text{ kN}$$

$$R = 5457 \text{ kN}; \tan \alpha = 3453/4225 \rightarrow \alpha = 39,3^\circ$$

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Remarks:

c. See figure

$$A^{(PQBC)} = 33,77 \text{ m}^2; A^{(PQC)} = 8,84 \text{ m}^2; A^{(QBC)} = 19,90 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A^{(QBD)} = 5,03 \text{ m}^2$$

Forces on a 1 m width vertical part:

$$R_{h,w} = 80 \text{ kN}; R_{v,w} = 132,8 \text{ kN}; G_w = 50,3 \text{ kN}$$

Then a width of 20 m gives:

$$R_x = (20 \text{ m})(80 \text{ kN}) = 1600 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_y = (20 \text{ m})\{(132,8 \text{ kN}) - (50,3 \text{ kN})\} = 1650 \text{ kN}$$

$$R = 2298 \text{ kN}; \tan \alpha = 1650/1600 \rightarrow \alpha = 45,9^\circ$$

