Remarks: See §6.3, pages 426 till 445

Answers:

- a. a b c
- b. $I_{\rm t}$ of the closed cross-section d is larger than the $I_{\rm t}$ of the open cross-section a and b, but smaller than that of cross-section c.

Explanation:

- (a) $I_t = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2\pi \cdot (240 \text{ mm})(10 \text{ mm})^3 = 502,65 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^4$
- (b) $I_t = \frac{1}{3} \{ (800 \text{ mm})(6 \text{ mm})^3 + (800 \text{ mm})(12 \text{ mm})^3 \} = 518,4 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^4$
- (c) $I_t = \frac{1}{3} (1200 \text{ mm}) (12 \text{ mm})^3 = 691, 2 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^4$
- (d) $I_t = \frac{1}{4} \pi \cdot (70 \text{ mm})^3 (2 \text{ mm}) = 538,78 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^4$